The Book of Romans - A Study Guide

Romans Chapter 3

-Objectives:

- 1. To see the condition of all, both Jew and Gentile.
- 2. To see what God has done for the justification of all.

-Outline for chapter 3:

- I. Romans 3:1-4 The Jew had an advantage over the Gentile.
 - A. Because the Jews had the oracles of God.
 - B. God in righteousness will judge according to truth.
- II. Romans 3:9-18 All have sinned and come short of the glory of God.
 - A. Not one was righteous, none sought after God, all had gone astray.
 - B. Non did good, their mouths were vile, there ways were destruction.
 - C. The reason? There was no fear of God before their eyes..
- III. Romans 3:19-31 The whole world was guilty of sin before God.
 - A. By the deeds (works) of the law, none could be justified from sin.
 - B. God's righteousness is by faith in Jesus Christ.
 - C. Justification is by God's grace, not by the things we do.
 - D. Redemption is by the blood of Christ.
 - E. All boasting is excluded by the law of faith.
 - F. Thus both Jew and Gentile are justified by the same Faith of Jesus Christ

-Questions from Romans chapter 3:

What advantage did the Jew have?
2. What are the oracles of God?
3. What is the faith of God (see also Gal 1:23, 2:16, 3:2, 2:23)?
4. We are told to let God be what?
5. And led every man be what?
6. Is God unrighteous to take vengeance on sinners?
7. What had some affirmed that Paul had said?
8. What had Paul previously proved?
9. How many are righteous?
10.How many understood?
11.How many sought God?
12.What had all become?
13.And not one did what?
14.How did Paul describe their throat?
15.How did Paul describe their tongue?
16.How did Paul describe their lips?
17.Their mouth was full of what?
18.What was said about their feet?
19.What was said about their ways?
20.What had they not known?

21.What was not before their eyes?
22.To whom did the law speak?
23.For what two reasons had the law spoken? (1)(2)
24.What could the law not do?
25.What came by the law?
26.What was manifested without the law?
27.The law and the prophets bear witness of what?
28.God's righteousness is by what?
29.All had done what?
30.Justification was by what?
31.Through what?
32.What does redemption mean?
33.Christ was set forth to be a what?
34.Through what?
35.What does propitiation mean?
36.What did Christ declare?
37.For what?
38.Through what?
39.This would declare that God is both and the
40.Of whom?
41.By what is boasting excluded?

42.What was done to the law through faith?	_
43.What do we have through faith?	_
Memory Verse: Romans 3:23 "For all have sinned and come short of the glory of God."	